

# The Global Observing System for Climate

## GCOS Network Manager Report

*GCOS Regional Workshop*

*30<sup>th</sup> Oct – 2<sup>nd</sup> Nov 2018*

Entebbe, Uganda

**GCOS Secretariat, WMO**

Tim Oakley, GCOS Network Manager



**ICSU**

International Council for Science





## GCOS established April 1992

The vision of GCOS is that all users have access to the climate observations, data records and information which they require to address pressing climate-related concerns. GCOS users include individuals, national and international organizations, institutions and agencies.

The role of GCOS is to work with partners to ensure the sustained provision of reliable physical, chemical and biological observations and data records for the total climate system – across the atmospheric, oceanic and terrestrial domains, including hydrological and carbon cycles and the cryosphere.



## GCOS is concerned with the observations

- what is measured, how it is measured, where it is measured, how measurement is sustained, how change is managed

## data transmission

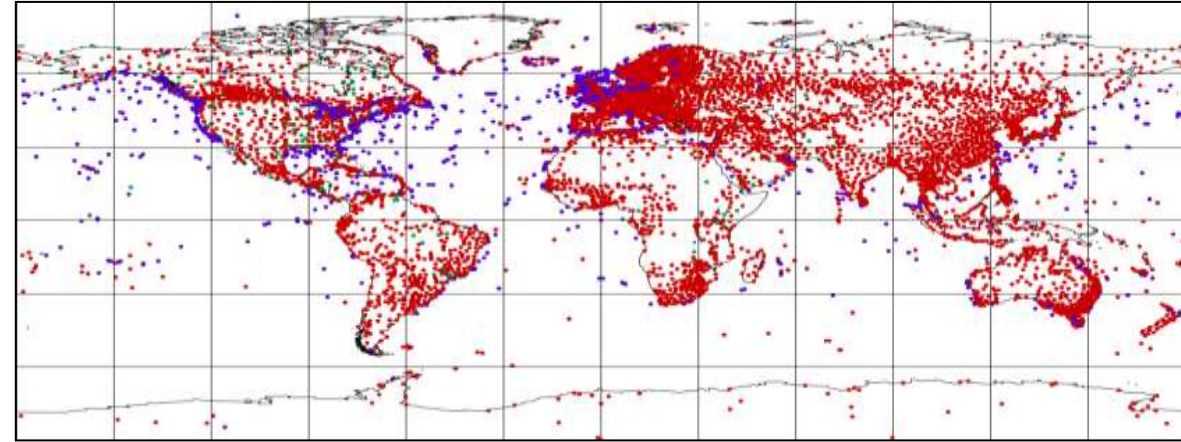
- what is transmitted, with what time delay, in what code

## data management, including data rescue

- archiving and access to raw data, metadata, processed data records and products
- recovery and rehabilitation of past data

## data records and products

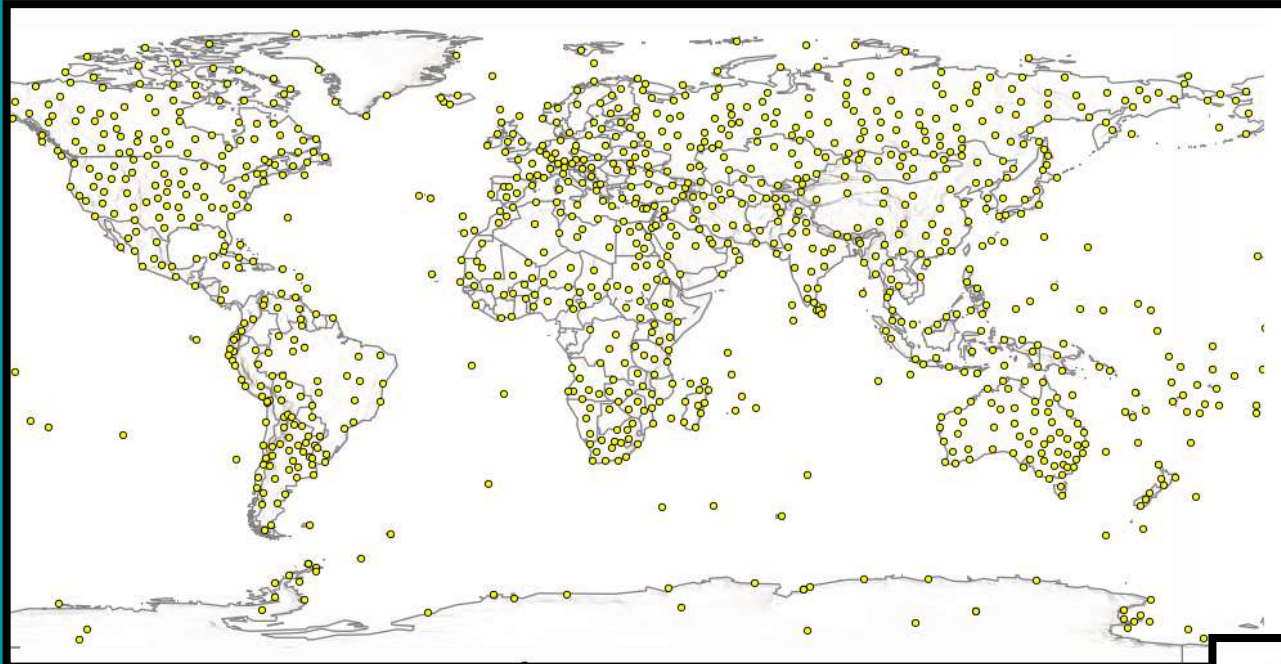
- fundamental records, including recalibration and homogenisation
- satellite retrievals, gridded fields from *in situ* and remotely-sensed measurements, comprehensive reanalyses of multiple observational datasets based on weather-prediction systems



Locations of 36064 surface weather observations  
received by ECMWF  
09-15UTC 12 June 2012



# GCOS Networks



**GCOS Surface Network (GSN) - 1023**

**GCOS Upper-Air Network (GUAN) - 177**



# GSN and GUAN – Station list (2018)

## 1.1 Network Station List (2018 update, yet to be approved by AOPC)

### GCOS Surface Network (GSN)

RA-I	155 Stations (0)	No Changes
RA-II	258 Stations (0)	No Changes
RA-III	101 Stations (0)	No Changes
RA-IV	178 Stations (0)	No Changes
RA-V	151 Stations (0)	No Changes
RA-VI	138 Stations (0)	No Changes
ANTON	42 Stations (0)	No Changes
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1023 Stations</b>	

### GCOS Upper Air Network (GUAN)

RA-I	23 Stations (0)	No Changes
RA-II	38 Stations (0)	No Changes
RA-III	18 Stations (0)	No Changes
RA-IV	24 Stations (0)	No Changes
RA-V	38 Stations (0)	No Changes
RA-VI	24 Stations (0)	No Changes
ANTON	12 Stations (0)	No Changes
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>177 Stations (0)</b>	

# Network Monitoring - GSN

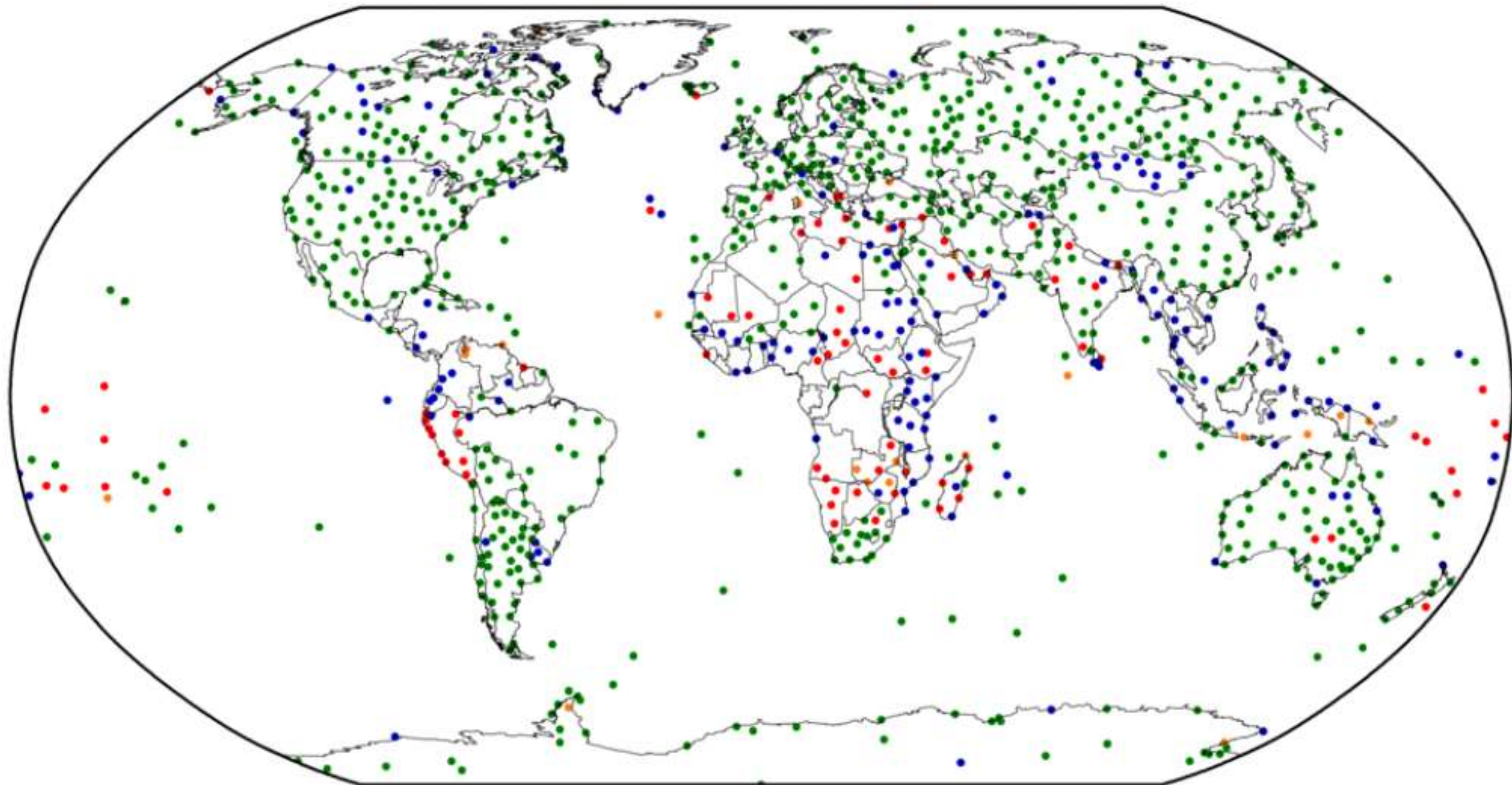
## ***Performance Report of the GSN***

The following statistics are an annual summary of the monthly CLIMAT messages in the GCOS Climate Archive (National Climate Environmental Information, NCEI, US). According to the GCOS requirements a fully compliant GSN/RBCN shall have 12 CLIMAT reports. The values represents the 2017 percentage (Oct 2016 to Sept 2017) of stations that are compliant and those that are partially or non-compliant. In brackets are the statistics for 2016, 2015, 2014, 2013, 2012 and 2011 respectively.

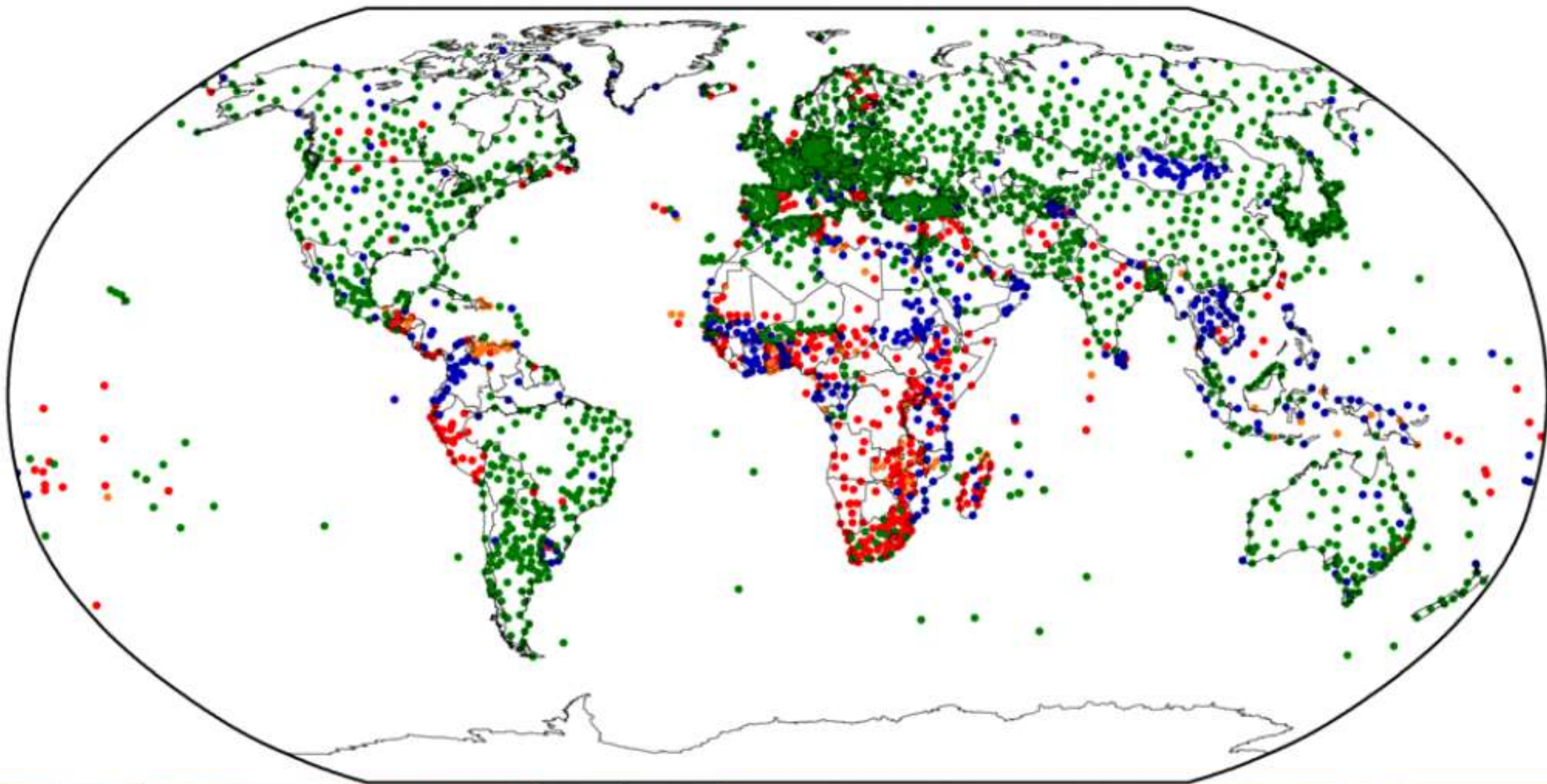
### **GCOS Surface Network (GSN)**

Region	No.	12 Monthly CLIMAT	6 - 11 Monthly CLIMAT	1 - 5 Monthly CLIMAT	0 Monthly CLIMAT
RA-I	155	36% (40,29,29,32,28, 23)	30% (25,31,33,33,36,39)	4% (9,15,10,10,11,14)	30% (26,25,28,25,25,24)
RA-II	258	81% (83,78,71,73,73,75)	13% (10,14,21,19,19,19)	0% (2, 2, 3, 2, 2, 1)	6% (5, 6, 5, 6, 6, 5)
RA-III	101	57% (65,61,76,89,84,89)	20% (29,35,20,6,13,28)	17% (0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0)	6% (6, 4, 3, 5, 3, 3)
RA-IV	178	89% (90,88,88,88,81,80)	7% (7, 9,10,11,17,18)	4% (2, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1)	0% (1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1)
RA-V	151	62% (67, 66,70,63,58,52)	20% (15,16,17,16,23,34)	2% (3, 4, 1, 7, 7, 1)	16% (15,14,13,14,12,11)
RA-VI	138	82% (84,77,80,82,78,81)	7% (7,14, 9,12,17,15)	4% (2, 3, 5, 2, 1, 0)	7% (7, 6, 6, 4, 4, 4)
ANTON	42	81% (81,77,79,80,45,50)	19% (17,19,19,36,43,33)	0% (2, 2, 2, 2, 5, 12)	0% (0, 2, 0, 2, 7, 5)

GSN, No. months reporting (201704 to 201803), GREEN=12, BLUE=6 to 11, ORANGE=1 to 5, RED=0



RBCN, No. months reporting (201704 to 201803), GREEN=12, BLUE=6 to 11, ORANGE=1 to 5, RED=0





# Network Monitoring - GUAN

## ***Performance Report of the GUAN***

The following table is the 2017 summary for the GCOS Upper-Air Network (GUAN) monitoring against the GCOS minimum requirements (25 daily soundings to 30hPa per month) for each region, according to the monthly statistics provided by NCEP. In brackets are the same statistics for 2016, 2015, 2014, 2013, 2012 and 2011. For 2012 and 2011 these are based on availability according to NCEI.

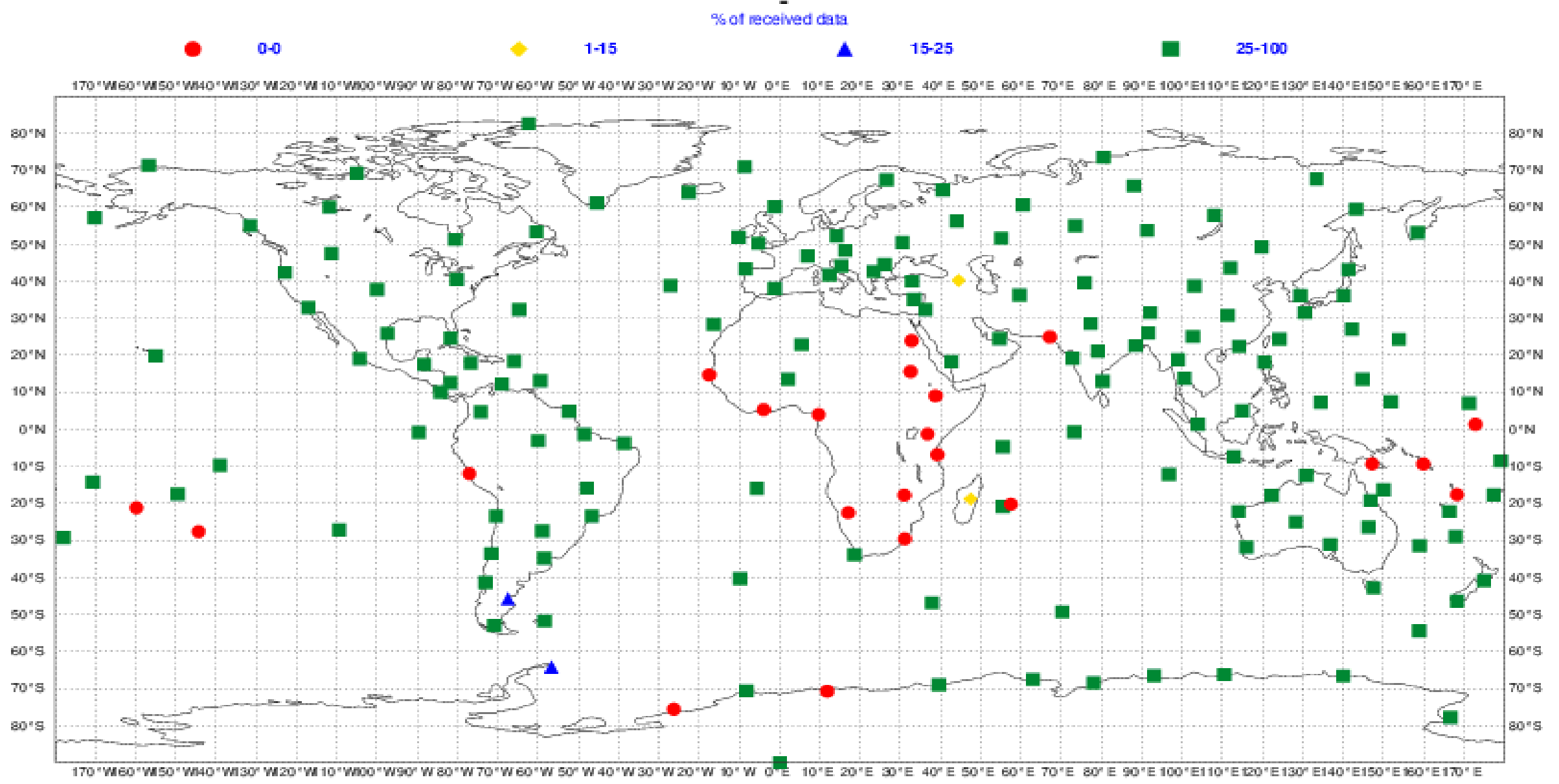
<b>Region</b>	<b>Number of GUAN stations</b>	<b>% meeting minimum GCOS requirements in 2017 (% for 2016, 2015, 2014, 2013, 2012 and 2011)</b>
RA-I	23	30% (39%, 35%, 39%, 46%, 48%, 57%)
RA-II	38	89% (87%, 87%, 87%, 87%, 87%, 87%)
RA-III	18	61% (61%, 67%, 72%, 67%, 89%, 78%)
RA-IV	24	92% (87%, 79%, 83%, 75%, 83%, 87%)
RA-V	38	79% (84%, 79%, 76%, 74%, 84%, 87%)
RA-VI	24	87% (87%, 87%, 87%, 83%, 92%, 87%)
ANTON	12	67% (58%, 67%, 58%, 58%, 83%, 83%)

Eleven (11) of the GUAN stations (6%) were 'Silent' (zero reported TEMP observations) during 2017, which is the highest since this monitoring was started in 2011. In 2016 and 2015 it was seven (7), 2014 and 2013 it was three, four (4) in 2012 and five (5) in 2011.

# GUAN STATIONS Aug 2018

## Frequency of Reception data at ECMWF

### Level: 100 hPa Temperature SUMMARY 00/12 UTC



# The International Data Rescue (I-DARE) Portal

This International Data Rescue (I-DARE) Portal provides a single point of entry for information on the status of past and present worldwide to be rescued data and data rescue projects, on best methods and technologies involved in data rescue, and on metadata for data that need to be rescued.

<https://www.idare-portal.org/>



## Copernicus Climate Change Data Rescue Service

The Copernicus Climate Change Data Rescue Service that is currently being developed aims to provide an ongoing service to facilitate meteorological data rescue worldwide. It will provide a portal for discovery and registry of both data rescue projects and individual datasets. It will provide tools for scanning, digitising and quality checking data and an upload facility. These data will also be shared with international archives to improve the spatio-temporal coverage of key global climate monitoring datasets.

Search this site

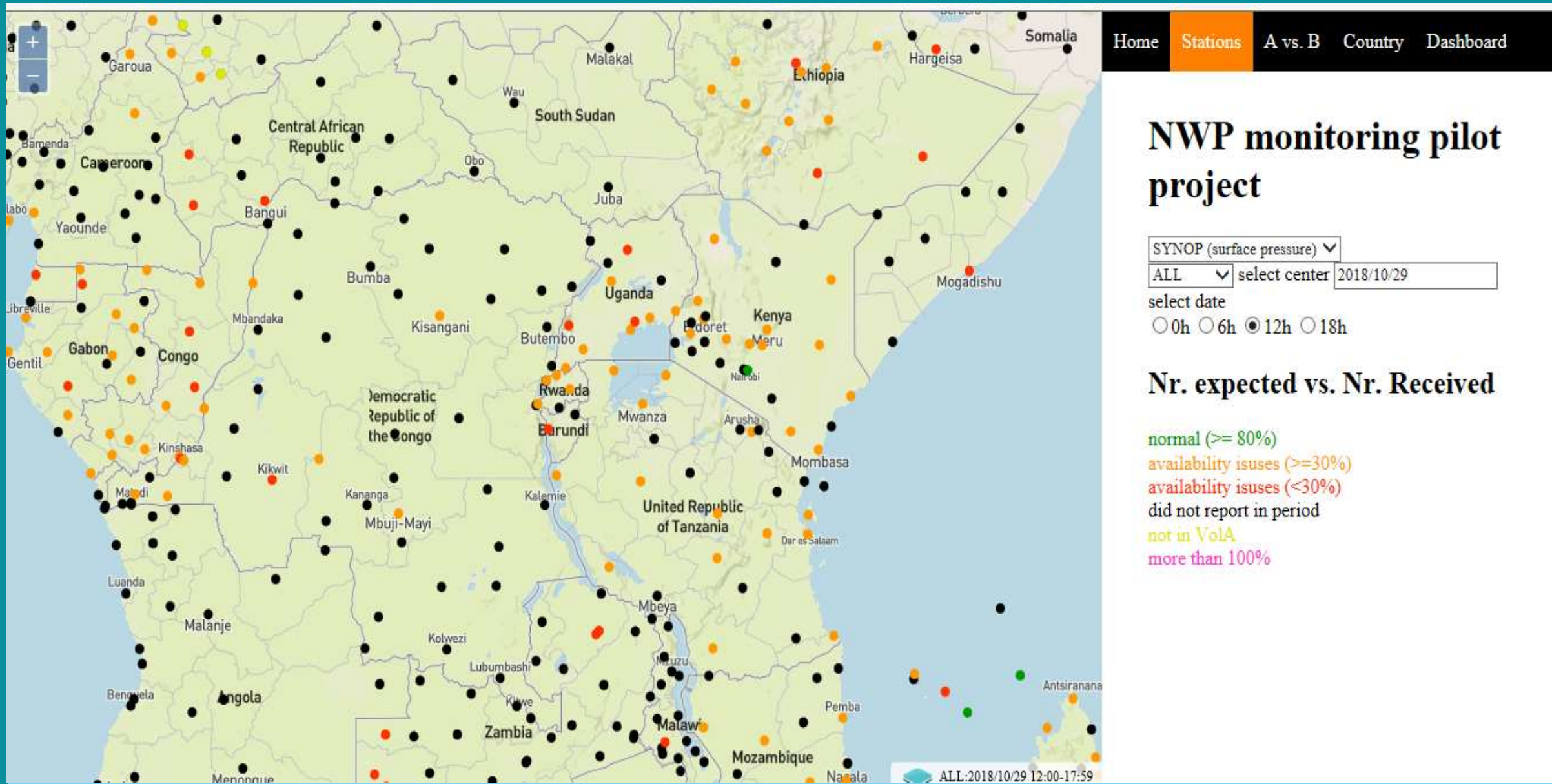
Search

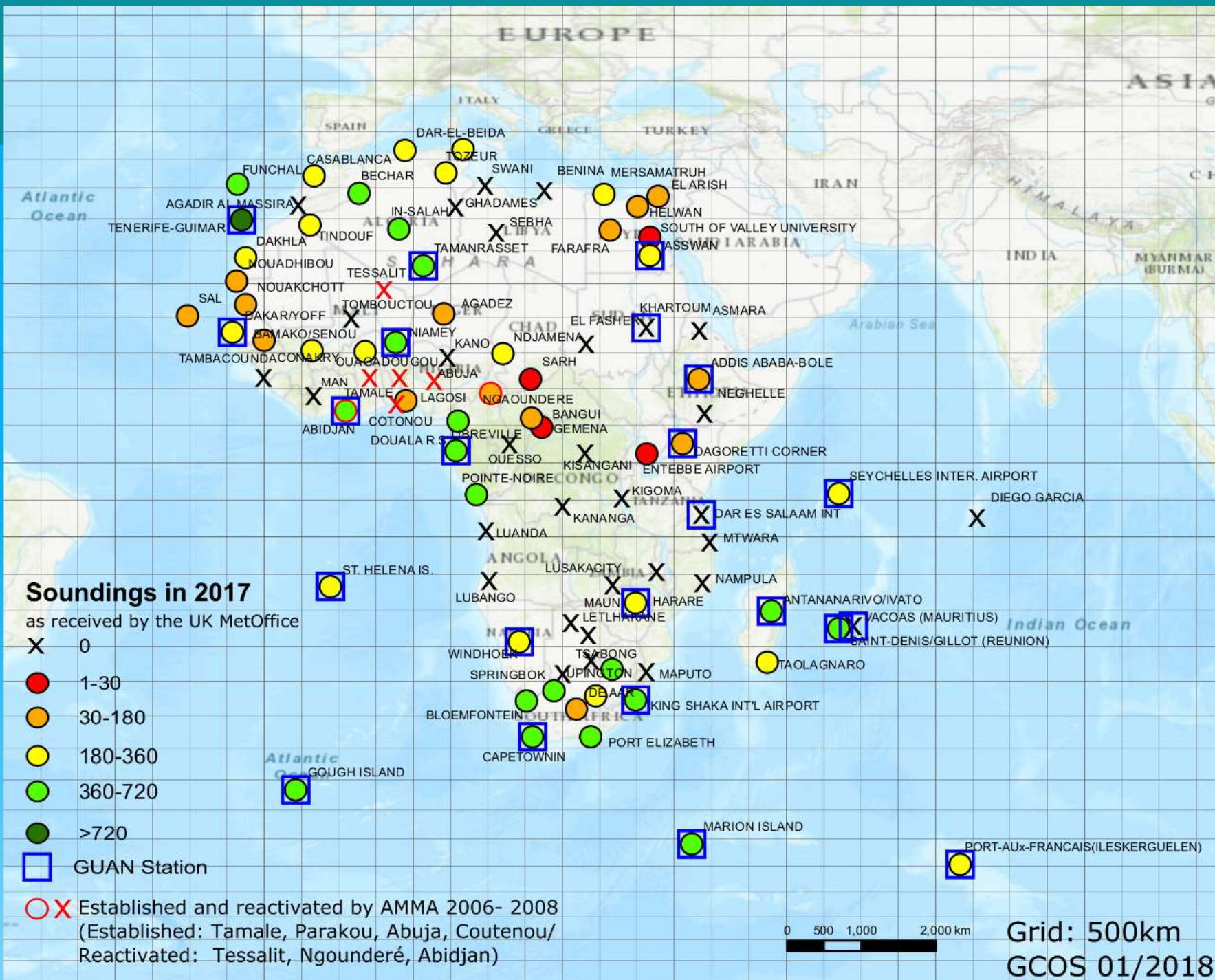
Data & Projects (by Country)

- Choose -

My content

# WMO OSCAR/Surface Monitoring – SYNOP (Pressure)





# The Global Observing System for Climate

# Thank you

[gcos.wmo.int](http://gcos.wmo.int)



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