

Making Data FAIR for the World Data Service for Paleoclimatology (WDS-Paleo)

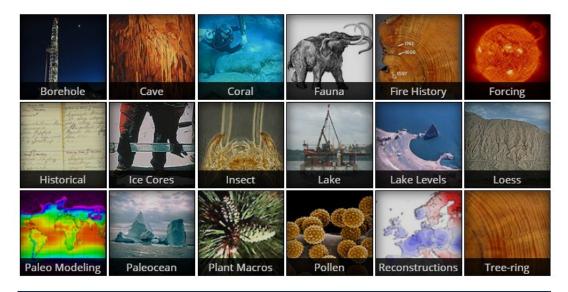
National Centers for Environmental Information (NCEI)

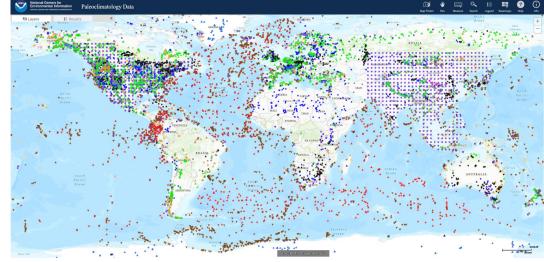
September 19, 2024

Carrie Morrill, Director of the WDS-Paleo

World Data Service for Paleoclimatology

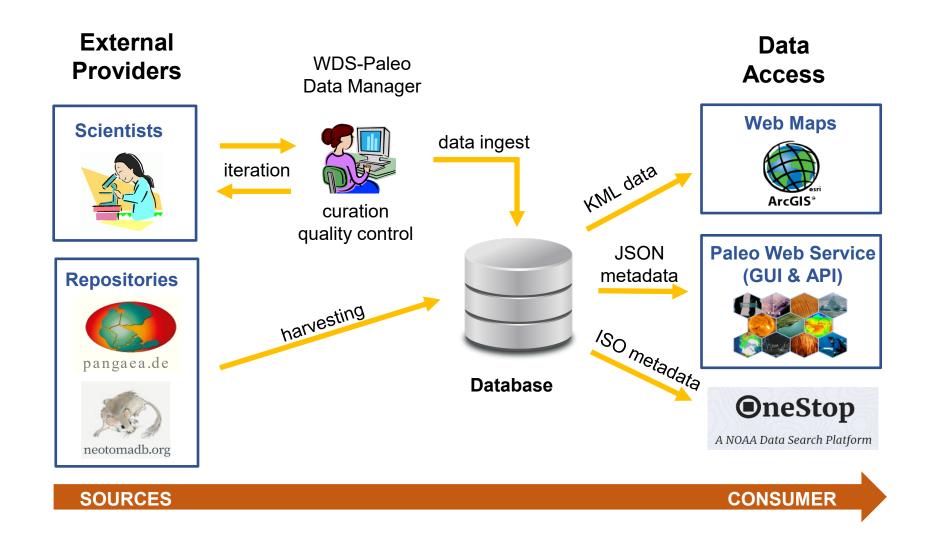
- over 13,000 data sets
- nearly 8,500 contributors
- 18 data types (see right)
- Two specialized collections: International Tree Ring Data Bank (ITRDB) and International Multiproxy Paleofire Database (IMPD)
- CoreTrustSeal certified
- Member of World Data System





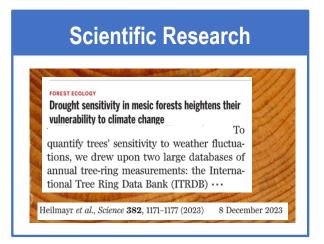


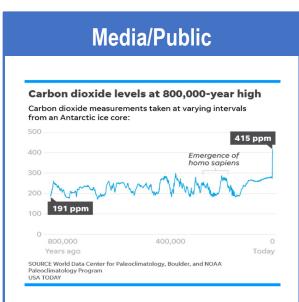
Overview of Metadata and Data Flows

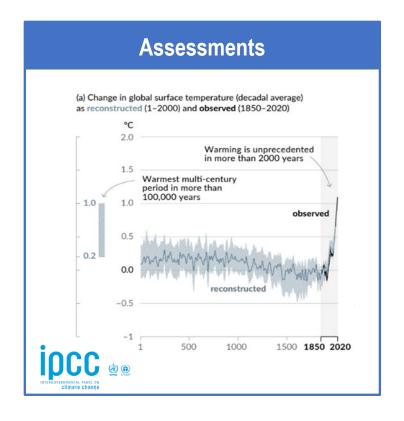


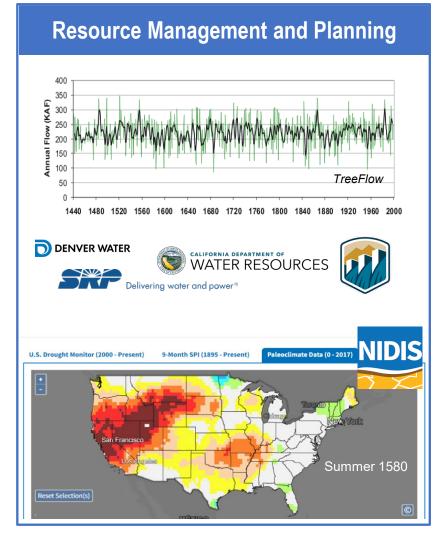


Examples of Data Usage



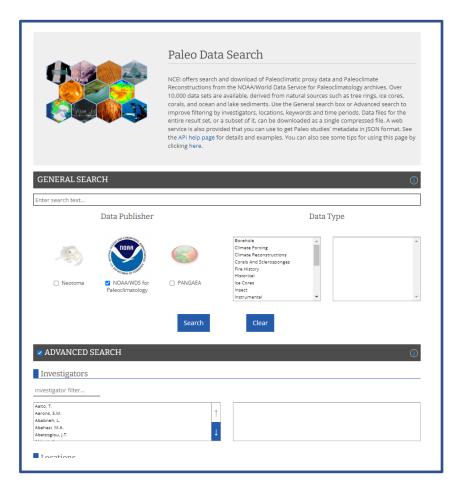




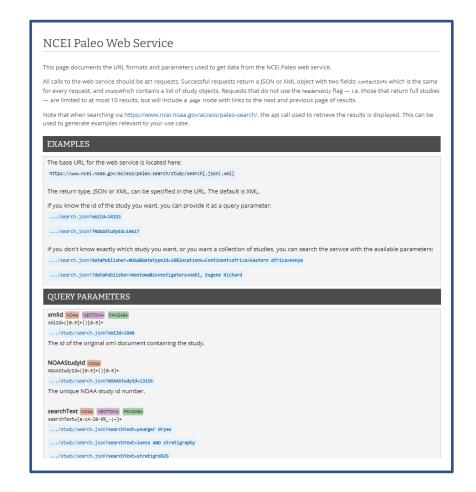




FAIR Example: GUI and API



https://www.ncei.noaa.gov/access/paleo-search/

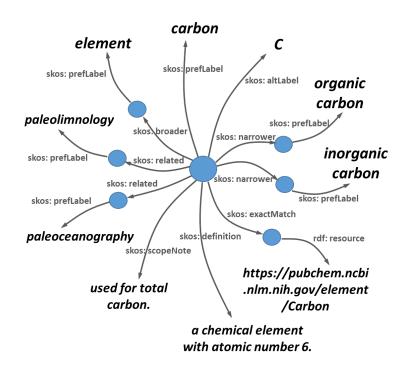


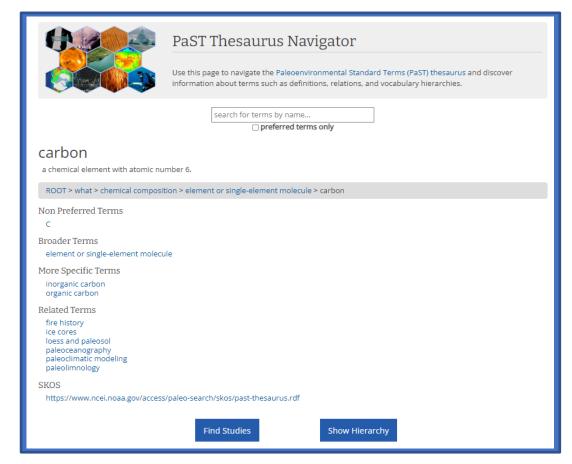
https://www.ncei.noaa.gov/access/paleo-search/api



FAIR Example: PaST Thesaurus

- Standardizes terminology for measured or inferred variables
- Allows searching by variable name
- Facilitates data aggregation





https://www.ncei.noaa.gov/access/paleo-search/cvterms

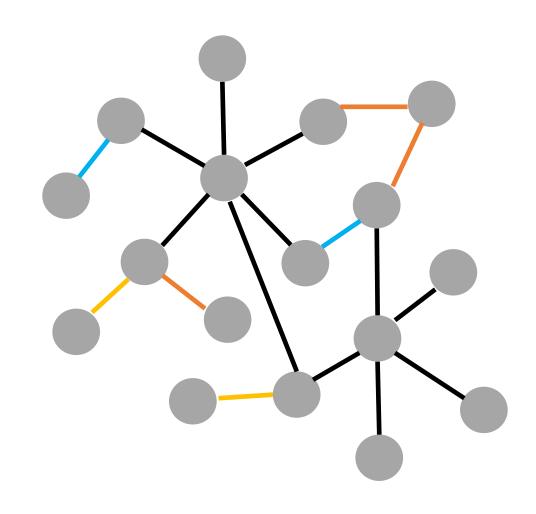
Morrill et al. 2021 *Paleoceanography and Paleoclimatology* https://doi.org/10.1029/2020PA004193



Future Directions: Tracking Data Linkage

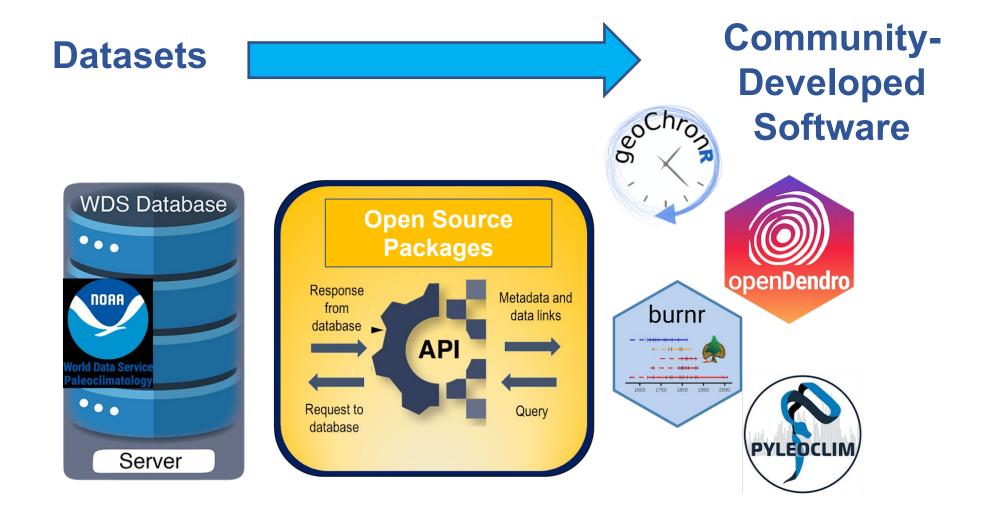
Goal is to disambiguate datasets that have been:

- Updated and recontributed by original data generator
- Simultaneously contributed to multiple repositories
- Intentionally mirrored by repositories
- Compiled in a data product and recontributed





Future Directions: Improving Interoperability





Thoughts about FAIR

 Our emphasis has been largely on findability, there is still much more work to be done for other aspects of FAIR.

 Documenting our processes and workflows has been very helpful, especially in identifying possible improvements to become more FAIR.

